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## Problem Sheet 6

- 1. Prove or disprove:  $Sp(A) \cap Sp(B) \neq \{0\} \implies A \cup B \neq \emptyset$ .
- 2. True or False : If  $A \subseteq B$  and  $Sp(A) \supseteq B$ , then Sp(A) = Sp(B).
- 3. If x and y are linearly independent show that  $x + \alpha y$  and  $x + \beta y$  are linearly independent whenever  $\alpha \neq \beta$ .
- 4. Let Sp(A) = S. Then show that no proper subset of A generates S iff A is linearly independent.
- 5. For what values of  $\alpha$  are the vectors  $(0,1,\alpha),(\alpha,1,0)$  and  $(1,\alpha,1)$  in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  linearly independent.
- 6. Let  $S = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ . Compute the least positive integer k such that  $S^k$  is the zero matrix.
- 7. Find  $E^2$ ,  $E^8$  and  $E^{-1}$  if  $E = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 6 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ .
- 8. Let  $P_{n\times n}$  be any permutation matrix. Prove that  $P_{n\times n}^m=I_{n\times n}$  for some m.
- 9. In each of the following, find precisely which axioms in the definition of a vector space are violated. Take  $V = \mathbb{R}^2$  and  $F = \mathbb{R}$  throughout
  - (a)  $(x_1, x_2) + (y_1, y_2) = (x_1 + y_1, 0), \quad \alpha(x_1, x_2) = (\alpha x_1, 0)$
  - (b)  $(x_1, x_2) + (y_1, y_2) = (x_1 + y_1, x_2 + y_2), \quad \alpha(x_1, x_2) = (\alpha x_1, 0)$
  - (c)  $(x_1, x_2) + (y_1, y_2) = (x_1 + y_1, x_2 + y_2), \quad \alpha(x_1, x_2) = (\alpha x_1, 2\alpha x_2)$
  - (d)  $(x_1, x_2) + (y_1, y_2) = (x_1 + y_1, x_2 + y_2), \quad \alpha(x_1, x_2) = (\alpha + x_1, \alpha + x_2).$
- 10. True or False: The set of all positive real numbers forms a vector space over  $\mathbb{R}$  if the sum of x and y is defined to be the usual product xy and  $\alpha$  times x is defined to be  $x^{\alpha}$ .
- 11. Let V be a vector space. On  $V \times V$ , define +, and . as follows:

$$(x_1, y_1) + (x_2, y_2) = (x_1 + y_1, x_2 + y_2)$$
  
 $\alpha(x, y) = (\alpha x, \alpha y), \alpha \in \mathbb{R}, x, y \in V.$ 

Is  $V \times V$  a vector space? If not, write down the conditions (axioms) which are violated.

12. Let  $X := \{*\}$  be a singleton set and let V be a vector space. Let  $W = \{*\} \times V$ . Can we turn W into a vector space as follows?

$$(*, x_1) + (*, x_2) = (*, x_1 + x_2), x_1, x_2 \in V$$
  
 $\alpha(*, x) = (*, \alpha x), \alpha \in \mathbb{R}, x \in V.$